

HOW TO: Install Rivendell 2.0.2 on Ubuntu 11.04

Wayne Merricks 02/07/2011

ubuntu®

Purpose of this Guide

With the introduction of Rivendell 2.0.2, using <u>RRABuntu</u> to keep things simple wasn't an option (at the time of writing). On top of this, you can't use PulseAudio due to how the Rivendell daemons have direct ALSA access to the sound card by default.

This is actually a good thing to do in a studio environment as you don't want other things interfering with the sound card and ending up with an Ubuntu beep or Youtube video live on air when it wasn't intended.

However what if you are a home studio or you already have several Rivendell machines, wouldn't it be nice to be able to record and edit audio in your nice sound proof studios/rooms instead of having yet another PC?

In order to do this you need to get 3 very different components working together; JACK, Pulse Audio and Rivendell.

So we will be going through how to do exactly that:

- 1. Install JACK 2
- 2. Get PulseAudio to work with JACK
- 3. Install Rivendell 2.0.2
- 4. Get Rivendell to work with JACK

There are quite a few excellent guides around but unfortunately for me I found that the "idiot's guide" version did not exist and being a world class idiot it took me a long time to piece together the required information and then to work out the things that went wrong.

I also tried to make the setup as bullet proof as possible (with my limited knowledge) so that once all the hard work is done a "normal" person/user can just get the work done without worrying about what all this JACK and Pulse rubbish is all about.

Credit where it is due

As already mentioned this guide builds on the excellent work of many other people and hopefully brings it all together in an easy to understand way. I'd like to give particular thanks to the following:

- <u>Paravel Systems</u> / The Rivendell Devs
- <u>Frederick Henderson-Meier</u> for info on Rivendell Installs, JACK and some very helpful startup scripts
- James Harrison for clear info on installing Rivendell 2.0.2 from source
- <u>Kris Occhipinti</u> for the video about Pulse and JACK
- The patient and helpful guys over on the <u>Rivendell Dev mailing list</u> especially, Tim Camp, Jay Ashworth, Andy and Mark Turner for helping me through the final headache in the setup.
- The Arch Linux Wiki for the info that finally got Pulse playing with JACK in an easy way
- and any others that I might have forgotten along the way

Before you get started

You will need to have installed Ubuntu 11.04 and it should be fully up to date (this should also work on Ubuntu 10.04). The default user should NOT be called Rivendell. Call it rivendell2 if you're boring like me or something completely different such as "flyingcircus."

This will work with Unity but I prefer Gnome 2 just because I'm used to it (and I still find Unity a bit too clicky).

This also works in a VM using Virtual Box although I wouldn't recommend it for production (I'm using the VM for the screenshots etc used in the guide).

A Note on Realtime Kernels

I didn't bother installing a real time kernel in Ubuntu 11.04. Normally for professional audio usage you want to install a kernel that is tuned for low latency so that audio is played with as small a delay as possible.

However Ubuntu haven't been releasing real time kernels for Natty (11.04) unless you install from PPAs (as far as my understanding goes). Also there is a benchmarks table located on the <u>Ubuntu</u> <u>Wiki</u> which shows that the difference between the real time kernels and the normal generic kernel is actually not a great deal (approx 3ms on RT vs up to 12ms on the Generic).

As such I was happy sticking with the generic kernel but if you're more seriously into audio production than me you may want to look into <u>KXStudio</u> or <u>Ubuntu Studio</u> as there should be more info around there.

Time to get stuck in... (at last)

So you should be sitting at your brand new but fully updated Ubuntu 11.04 desktop with nothing much going on.

- 1. Check that your sound is actually working. If you heard the start up sound then that is good enough otherwise start blasting out your favourite Youtube video after all you might not get the chance to legitimately play <u>YMCA</u> for a valid reason ever again!
- 2. Add the KX-Studio PPA to your system:
 - This may be an unnecessary step but the PPA contains a newer version of Jack amongst other things so I used it.
 - Fire up the Ubuntu Software Centre and go to edit \rightarrow Software Sources

Ub	untu Software Centre	
File	Edit View Help	
• 😭		Ctrl+Z
	Redo	Shift+Ctrl+Z
(Cut	Ctrl+X
2	Сору	Ctrl+C
▶ 🔳	Copy Web Link	Shift+Ctrl+C
0	Paste	Ctrl+V
	Delete	S
	Select All	Ctrl+A a
	Search	Ctrl+F
	Software Sources	e

• Select the Other Software Tab → Click Add and enter "ppa:kxstudio-team" (without the quotes) then click Add Source.



- 3. Now its time to open up the dreaded terminal (cue the dun dun duuuunnn!)
 - Type (or paste) in the following (it should be one big line):

```
sudo apt-get install libcdparanoia-dev libflac++-dev libflac-dev
libsamplerate0-dev libid3tag0-dev libid3-3.8.3-dev libcurl4-gnutls-
dev libsndfile1-dev libpam0g-dev libsoundtouch1-dev alsa-source
libtwolame-dev libmp3lame-dev libmad0-dev libqt3-mt-mysql qt3-dev-
tools qt3-dev-tools-compat qt4-dev-tools libjack-dev libjack0.100.0-
dev jackd qjackctl jackeq jack-rack jack-capture libasound2-dev
mysql-client polymer qt3-qtconfig patchage
```

This installs a whole bunch of stuff most of which are pre-requisites before you can compile Rivendell 2.0.2. JACK 2 gets installed in amongst this lot, patchage however is optional as its just a different way of viewing JACK connections (but it looks pretty).

• This will download about 167MB (at the time of writing) by installing 166 new packages and upgrading 1:

```
1 upgraded, 166 newly installed, 0 to remove and 7 not upgraded.
Need to get 167 MB of archives.
After this operation, 362 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue [Y/n]?
```

- Y to continue then go make some tea.
- 4. Now to make PulseAudio compatible with JACK.

NB: You can simply select "Enable D-Bus interface" under QJackCtl which will makes PulseAudio work but I had trouble with this and Rivendell so although it seems like you're making quick progress it comes back to haunt you later if you go this route.

• So we need to install some JACK modules for PulseAudio. Fire up Synaptic (System → Administration → Synaptic Package Manager)



• Get rid of the welcome box and in search type: "pulseaudio-module-jack"

						Q Search	
es		Apply	Properties	pu	lseaudio-module-jao		
S		Package			Installed Version	Latest Version	Descri
	0	pulseaudi	io-module-jack			1:0.9.22+stable-qu	jackd
	0	pulseaudi	io-module-jack-d	bg		1:0.9.22+stable-qu	jackd
	0	pulseaudi	io		1:0.9.22+stable-qu	1:0.9.22+stable-qu	Pulse/

You should see something like whats above. Click the first result \rightarrow Mark for Installation and then click the Apply button.

On the summary box that pops up, click apply again and wait for it to install then close Synaptic.

- 5. We now need to setup a bunch of scripts so that PulseAudio will connect to JACK when its available (and revert back to its own devices if it isn't).
 - Create a new folder called scripts in your home folder (/home/scripts or ~/scripts if your fancy)
 - You need to make 4 new text files so fire up gedit (Applications → Accessories → Text Editor)
 - Script 1: "pulse-jack-pre-start.sh" #!/bin/bash pacmd suspend true

•

This script suspends pulse audio so that JACK can startup. Save it into your newly minted script directory.

```
Script 2: "pulse-jack-post-start.sh"
    #!/bin/bash
    pactl load-module module-jack-sink channels=2
    pactl load-module module-jack-source channels=2
    pacmd set-default-sink jack_out
    pacmd set-default-source jack_in
```

This script loads the PulseAudio module for JACK playout (sink) with 2 Channels. Then the same for JACK recording (source). The final two lines make PulseAudio redirect to JACK playout and record (rather than trying to use the sound card directly I guess). Again save this to the scripts directory.

```
Script 3: "pulse-jack-pre-stop.sh"
    #!/bin/bash
    SINKID=$(pactl list | grep -B 1 "Name: module-jack-sink" | grep
    Module | sed 's/[^0-9]//g')
    SOURCEID=$(pactl list | grep -B 1 "Name: module-jack-source" |
        grep Module | sed 's/[^0-9]//g')
    pactl unload-module $SINKID
    pactl unload-module $SOURCEID
    sleep 5
```

As far as I understand, this is grabbing the ids of the sink and source modules and then unloading them from PulseAudio. Please note the tabbed lines belong to the line above.

 Script 4: "pulse-jack-post-stop.sh" #!/bin/bash pacmd suspend false

This final script (phew) makes PulseAudio resume control of the sound card after JACK shuts down. In my case this is only ever going to happen when the computer shuts down but you may have other reasons for wanting to kill off JACK.

Now you need to make those 4 scripts executable. You can do this in a terminal (chmod +x ~/scripts/*.sh) or if you prefer the clicking method open up the scripts directory and highlight all 4 files. Then right click one and go to properties.

Basic Emblems	Permissions Open With	
Owner:	rivendell2	
Access:	Read and write	\$
Group:	rivendell2	
Access:	Read-only	*
Others		
Access:	Read-only	*
Execute:	Allow executing file a	as program
SELinux context:	unknown	
Last changed:	Sun 03 Jul 2011 00:34:40	BST

Tick Execute (make sure the Tick is in the box, the first click just seemed to highlight it). Then click close.

7. Time to configure JACK, click Applications \rightarrow Sound and Video \rightarrow QJackCtl



8. Say hello to your new friend, the JACK GUI:



There are a whole bunch of settings in here that we can tweak to make our lives easier so that is exactly what we're going to do.

• Click Setup and marvel at the mass of information in front of you. Thankfully all of this page can be left as the defaults however you will be interested in the following settings:

<u>Frames/Period</u> :	1024	▼
Sample <u>R</u> ate:	48000	•
Periods/ <u>Buffer</u> :	4	-

These 3 settings have an effect on the latency you will experience (you can see an estimate in the bottom right corner of this screen).

The eagle eyed amongst you will have spotted that I have changed the sample rate to 48000 (which will match my sound card) and the periods to 4. Why 4? Well that is the default setting in the rivendell config file which we will get to much later. Also everything sounded OK when I was finished so why change it?

If you are trying for a low latency setup you will want to tweak the frames and periods to make the latency as low as possible. However be careful as too low a latency will give you lots of VRUNs (JACK speak for audio drop outs). Having said this I have had a few VRUNs every now and then in my Virtual Machine but I've yet to even notice the drop out.

This group of settings is left to you to experiment with. For now leave it as is (or as mine above and continue).

We now need to make JACK use the scripts we setup earlier (step 6). Under the options tab tick the 4 scripting boxes and match up the scripts to the boxes:

👿 Execute script on Startup:	/home/rivendell2/scripts/pulse-jack-pre-start.sh		>	
Startup:	home/rivendell2/scripts/pulse-jack-post-start.sh	•	>	
Execute script on Shutdown:	/home/rivendell2/scripts/pulse-jack-pre-stop.sh		>	
Execute script after Shutdown:	/home/rivendell2/scripts/pulse-jack-post-stop.sh		>	

Just in case thats difficult to read from top to bottom is pre-start, post-start, pre-stop and finally post-stop.

• Now some final options under the misc tab:

Other

- Start JACK audio server on application startup
- Sonfirm application close
- Keep child windows always on top
- 👿 Enable system tray icon
- Start minimized to system tray

Tick, Start JACK audio server on application startup, Enable system tray icon and Start minimized to system tray. Once done, click OK and you've finished with JACK. One down, 2 to go!

- 9. Time to test JACK and pulse.
 - Click the quit button on QJackCtl. Then open it again from Applications \rightarrow Sound and Video \rightarrow QJackCtl
 - You should see a JACK system tray icon with hopefully a green arrow:

λ 📬 🕪) 🖂 00:53 😣 rivendell2 🕛

If you don't see this quit click the icon and quit JACK again. Now open a terminal and type "pulseaudio -k" to kill off PulseAudio. It will load itself back up almost instantly (normally 2 seconds ish max). Then load JACK again and you should be good to go.

Click the JACK icon and you'll see:



The thing to note here is that it says Started and that the Start button is greyed out. This means JACK is working.

Click on Connect and if Pulse and JACK are talking you should get:

Connections - JACK Audio Conne	ection Kit		
Audio MIDI ALSA			
Readable Clients / Output Ports 🔻		Writable Clients / Input Port	:s ▼
 PulseAudio JACK Sink system 		 PulseAudio JACK Sour system 	ce
✓ Connect ✓ Disconnect ✓	Disconnect <u>A</u>	ll € E <u>x</u> pand All ♂ <u>R</u> e	efresh

As you can see there are lines/connections between PulseAudio and System. Readable clients are things that produce sound, writable are ones that play out sound. The nice thing about JACK is you can take any sound producer and route it to any sound consumer. It doesn't have to be direct to a speaker it could be to another program such as Rivendell or Audacity or many many others. You can even take the left output and pipe that somewhere completely different than the right output. • To check if it works you need to play a sound, if you have nothing to hand, head back to Youtube although I don't recommend playing YMCA again people might start talking. Why not reacquaint yourselves with the sublime vocals of <u>The Wurzels</u>

Some of you might be wondering how you can tell if Pulse is using JACK. Well while the sound is playing, click PulseAudio JACK Sink and on the writable side, click System. Then click Disconnect. If the sound stops, click Connect and it will come back.

Welcome to the wonderful world of Pulse and JACK working in "perfect harmony."

- 10. At this point if you have a fancy HPI (Audio Science) sound card. You need to install the drivers from the <u>Audio Science website</u>. I don't have one of these so I can't help you there.
- 11. Time to get down and dirty with Rivendell. Fire up your browser and download Rivendell 2.0.2: <u>http://rivendellaudio.org/ftpdocs/rivendell/rivendell-2.0.2.tar.gz</u>

Don't bother saving it (unless you want to use it later somewhere else). Simply choose the default "Open with archive manager" as we need to extract it anyway.

12. Once downloaded drag the entire rivendell-2.0.2 directory into your home directory. Inside the newly extracted directory is an INSTALL, README and UPGRADE file. The INSTALL file contains all the information needed to install Rivendell yourself if you ever feel adventurous in the future.

For now we'll just jump back to the terminal and start compiling Rivendell.

In your terminal type:

- "cd ~/rivendell-2.0.2" ← changes to the rivendell 2 directory
- "./configure -libexecdir=/usr/local/libexec" ← sets some compile variables. I believe this is for the new import/export web services in Rivendell 2, but I don't fully understand how this works yet.

```
The above command will spew out a bunch of stuff to the terminal ending with:
  rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox: ~/rivendell-2.0.2
                                                                         ...
 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
configure: "|
                    *** RIVENDELL CONFIGURATION SUMMARY ***
configure: "|--
configure: "| Configured Audio Drivers:
                                                                  .
configure: "|
              Advanced Linux Sound Architecture (ALSA) ... Yes
                                                                  .
                                                                  .
configure: "
                                      AudioScience HPI ... No
configure: "
                             JACK Audio Connection Kit ... Yes
configure:
configure: "| Audio Codecs:
configure: "
                                                                  .
                        FLAC Encoding/Decoding Support ... Yes
configure: "
                                 MPEG Decoding Support ... Yes
configure: "
                         MPEG Layer 2 Encoding Support ... Yes
configure: "
                         MPEG Layer 3 Encoding Support ... Yes
configure: "
                   OggVorbis Encoding/Decoding Support ... Yes
                                                                  .
configure:
                                                                  .
configure: "|
             Optional Components:
configure:
                       Rivendell PAM pam rd.so Support ... Yes
                                                                  .
configure:
                      configure:
configure:
configure: Now enter 'make' to build the software.
configure:
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~/rivendell-2.0.2$
```

As you can see you should have support for pretty much everything (including Audioscience HPI if you have a card and if you installed the driver).

• As the friendly terminal says, now type "make"

This will spew out even more scary stuff for absolutely ages. It took my VM about 20minutes to get through this lot. Time for another cup of tea!

Once that has finally finished you should see something like:

```
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox: ~/rivendell-2.0.2
 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
g++ -shared -nostdlib /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/gcc/i686-linux-gnu/4.5.2/../../
crti.o /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/gcc/i686-linux-gnu/4.5.2/crtbeginS.o .libs/pam r
d.o -D LIBTOOL IS A FOOL -lqui /home/rivendell2/rivendell-2.0.2/lib/.libs/li
brd.so /usr/lib/libcurl-gnutls.so /usr/lib/libid3.so /usr/lib/libFLAC.so -L/usr/
lib /usr/lib/libFLAC++.so /usr/lib/libsndfile.so /usr/lib/libsamplerate.so -lcdd
a interface -lcdda paranoia -lcrypt -ldl -lSoundTouch -lpam /usr/lib/libvorbisfi
le.so /usr/lib/libvorbisenc.so /usr/lib/libgt-mt.so -L/usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu -L
/usr/X11R6/lib -lSM -lICE -lX11 -lXext -lXmu -lXt -lXi -L/home/rivendell2/rivend
ell-2.0.2/lib -L/usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/gcc/i686-linux-gnu/4.5.2 -L/usr/lib/i386
-linux-gnu/gcc/i686-linux-gnu/4.5.2/../.. -lstdc++ -lm -lc -lgcc s /usr/lib/i
386-linux-gnu/gcc/i686-linux-gnu/4.5.2/crtendS.o /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/gcc/i68
6-linux-gnu/4.5.2/../../crtn.o -Wl,-x -Wl,-soname -Wl,pam rd.so -o .libs/pam
rd.so
ar cru .libs/pam rd.a pam rd.o
ranlib .libs/pam rd.a
creating pam rd.la
(cd .libs && rm -f pam rd.la && ln -s ../pam rd.la pam rd.la)
make[1]: Leaving directory `/home/rivendell2/rivendell-2.0.2/pam_rd'
make[1]: Entering directory `/home/rivendell2/rivendell-2.0.2'
make[1]: Nothing to be done for `all-am'.
make[1]: Leaving directory `/home/rivendell2/rivendell-2.0.2'
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~/rivendell-2.0.2$
```

• Now we install Rivendell 2.0.2 by typing "sudo make install"

Again more terminal ranting but thankfully only 30 seconds or less to wait while it copies things around and does its own setup.

- 13. Technically Rivendell is now installed however we need to copy some shortcuts around (so you don't have to type in rdairplay all the time), make some security groups and finally tweak Rivendell so it works with JACK.
- 14. Copying Shortcuts:
 - sudo cp debian/*.desktop /usr/share/applications/
 - sudo cp debian/*.xpm /usr/share/pixmaps/
 - If you look in Applications → Sound and Video you should now see a bunch of Rivendell shortcuts (but don't click them yet you'll get errors)
- 15. By default Rivendell uses some ugly fonts in Ubuntu and also uses a basic QT theme so lets fix that:
 - sudo rm -rf /etc/fonts/conf.d/70-no-bitmaps.conf ← Turn off No-Bitmap fonts
 - sudo ln -s /etc/fonts/conf.avail/70-force-bitmaps.conf /etc/fonts/conf.d ← Turn on Bitmap fonts (yeah I know its a bit weird how that works)
 - sudo fc-cache -f -v \leftarrow rebuild the font cache
 - Under System \rightarrow Preferences \rightarrow Qt3 Configuration, change:

Select GUI Style to Polymer. Then click File \rightarrow Save, then File \rightarrow Exit

Appearance	Fonts	Interface	Library Paths	Printer	
GUI Style Select GUI <u>S</u> t	:yle:		Polymer		

NB: This screen shot already has Polymer applied, I forgot to get a screen shot in all its default ugly glory.

- 16. Now we need to setup a Rivendell system user, then add the currently logged in user to the audio group:
 - sudo addgroup rivendell
 - sudo adduser `whoami` rivendell
 - sudo adduser `whoami` audio (please note` is not an apostrophe'. Its the character near escape on UK keyboards).
- 17. Next up, we need to create a file called /etc/rd.conf based on the template in our rivendell download directory:
 - sudo gedit ~/rivendell-2.0.2/conf/rd.conf-sample ← we need to save this to /etc later hence sudo.
 - Change line 11 from "AudioOwner=rivendell" to "AudioOwner=Your username" in my case that was "AudioOwner=rivendell2" because I'm boring.

- Change line 22 from "Password=letmein" to something more secure as this will be the root access to your Rivendell database (you will need this password later so remember it).
- Move line 93 down to become line 94. Replace the blank line 93 with "SampleRate=48000" (or whatever sample rate your sound card uses from step 8 in JACK).
- On line 127 you should see "; [JackSession]" unfortunately a few details here don't seem to work for me (maybe its just Ubuntu or maybe I did something wrong). Namely instead of starting "Source1=rivendell_1" it should start at "rivendell_0" and also "Destination1=alsa_pcm" should be "system" not "alsa_pcm"

To keep things simple delete everything you see from line 127 to the end of the file (line 162). Replace it with the following:

```
[JackSession]
Source1=rivendell_0:playout_0L
Destination1=system:playback_1
Source2=rivendell_0:playout_0R
Destination2=system:playback_2
```

Keep going until you have all your sound card outputs sorted. Source3 would be rivendell_0:playout_1L, 4 ... playout_1R etc etc.

Then append your sound card inputs starting from:

```
Source3=system:capture_1
Destination3=rivendell_0:record_0L
Source4=system:capture_2
Destination4=rivendell_0:record_0R
```

Obviously change Source3 to whatever number you got up to from the playout section. The VM I'm using only has a simple 2 in, 2 out card emulated so its nothing fancy. If you had 4 ins and 4 outs. Playout would go from Source 1 - 4, then Record from Source 5 - 8 (I hope that makes sense).

When you're finished File \rightarrow Save As "/etc/rd.conf" (which is why we used sudo gedit, see it all makes sense now).

- 18. Rivendell makes use of asound.conf, I think this is only when JACK isn't around but I'm probably wrong so lets sort that out now:
 - sudo rdalsaconfig

RDAlsaConfig	
Available Sound Devices	
Intel 82801AA-ICH with STAC9700,83,84 at irq 5 - Inte	el 82801AA-ICF
Intel 82801AA-ICH with STAC9700,83,84 at irq 5 - Inte	el 82801AA-ICH
•	
Active Sound Devices	
Sa	Cancel

For some reason I have what appears to be two duplicate entries here. Simply add them by selecting and pressing the down arrow button to move them into the Active category. I'll move both but this is something to check later on if you can't get sound at the end of the guide (it worked for me as long as I had one or both of the cards active).

- Click save once the card(s) that you need is(are) active
- 19. Now for some fun with Apache (no not the one from YMCA). Rivendell 2 uses Apache for its import/export web services. As previously mentioned I'm not entirely sure how to use it but it seems like a good deal as you can import audio using a server rather than tying up a studio machine if you wish to set it up like that. For now we'll just install it as a standalone system.
 - sudo apt-get install apache2 ← install apache2
 - sudo cp ~/rivendell-2.0.2/conf/rd-bin.conf
 - /etc/apache2/conf.d/ \leftarrow copy the Rivendell config to the apache config directory
 - sudo service apache2 restart ← restart apache2 so it picks up the Rivendell settings
- 20. Now to setup /var/snd so that Rivendell can store audio there:
 - sudo mkdir /var/snd
 - sudo chown `whoami`:rivendell -R /var/snd

- 21. Almost done now, just need MySQL so Rivendell has a database to use:
 - sudo apt-get install mysql-server ← install MySQL server
 - After the download you get a purple screen asking for your MySQL password... remember the password from Step 17? Well now is the time to use it.
 - Load up rdadmin either from a terminal or Applications \rightarrow Sound and Video \rightarrow rdadmin

mySQL Adı	min		8			
Unable to access the Rivendell Database! Please enter a login for an account with administrative rights on the mySQL server, and we will try to get this straightened out.						
User <u>N</u> ame:	root					
Password:	Password:					
		<u>о</u> к	Cancel			

At this point enter root and your password from earlier. If you typed the password correctly you will see:

RDAdmin 😣			
٩	New Rivendell Database Created!		
	ОК		

At the rdadmin login box, use the username "admin" with no password:

Login	8
User <u>N</u> ame: a <u>P</u> assword:	dmin
<u>о</u> к	<u>C</u> ancel

When that loads up just quit out of it for now. We still have work to do unfortunately.

22. At this point a lot of the daemons and other services will be running with a mix of local users and root. Some will auto start and some won't, we also can't guarantee the order that they will start. So time to restart and see what the damage is.

23. So after the restart, load QJackCtl (Applications \rightarrow Sound and Video \rightarrow QJackCtl) then fire up your trusty terminal and paste in the following:

```
"ps -o pid,cmd,rgroup,ruser -C apache2 -C mysqld -C jackd -C caed -C ripcd -C rdcatchd -C pulseaudio"
```

You should see something like this:

```
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:/var/run$ ps -o pid,cmd,rgroup,ruser -C apache2
-C mysqld -C jackd -C caed -C ripcd -C rdcatchd -C pulseaudio
 PID CMD
                                 RGROUP
                                          RUSER
 857 /usr/sbin/mysqld
                                 mysql
                                          mysql
1157 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start root
                                           root
 1160 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start www-data www-data
1161 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start www-data www-data
1162 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start www-data www-data
1528 /usr/bin/pulseaudio --start 1000
                                           rivendell2
2586 /usr/bin/jackd -dalsa -dhw: 1000
                                           rivendell2
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:/var/run$
```

As you can see we have mysqld (the MySQL server), apache2 (web server), PulseAudio and JACK running.

So we have a problem as the Rivendell services haven't started. We're missing caed, ripcd and rdcatchd.

24. So we need to fix that, type in "service rivendell start" and you should get the following error:



As you can probably tell, it is complaining that either jackd.pid doesn't exist or the whole directory /var/run/rivendell doesn't exist.

- Type "cd /var/run/rivendell" and you'll see straight away that it doesn't exist so we need to make that directory.
- "sudo mkdir /var/run/rivendell"
- We also need to change the owner of this directory so we can use it so "sudo chown `whoami`:rivendell /var/run/rivendell"
- Now try to start the rivendell service again "service rivendell start"

```
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:/var/run$ service rivendell start
* Starting Rivendell system daemons
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:/var/run$
```

- As you can see no obvious errors but lets check to make sure everything has started:
- Type: "ps -o pid,cmd,rgroup,ruser -C apache2 -C mysqld -C jackd -C caed -C ripcd -C rdcatchd -C pulseaudio"

rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:/	/var/run\$	ps -o pid,cmd,rgroup,ruser	- C	apache2
-C mysqld -C jackd -C caed -C rip	ocd -C rde	catchd -C pulseaudio		
PID CMD	RGROUP	RUSER		
857 /usr/sbin/mysqld	mysql	mysql		
1157 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start	root	root		
1160 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start	www-data	www-data		
1161 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start	www-data	www-data		
1162 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start	www-data	www-data		
1528 /usr/bin/pulseaudiostart	1000	rivendell2		
2586 /usr/bin/jackd -dalsa -dhw:	1000	rivendell2		
2619 /usr/local/bin/caed	1000	rivendell2		
2625 /usr/local/bin/ripcd	1000	rivendell2		
2630 /usr/local/bin/rdcatchd	1000	rivendell2		
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:	/var/run\$			

- Excellent it looks like everything is working, time for some testing.
- 25. Open up QJackCtl (by clicking on the icon near the clock) and click the Connect button to see what hass been connected in JACK:

Connections - JACK Audio Conne	ection Kit	(
Audio MIDI ALSA			
Readable Clients / Output Ports 🔻		Writable Clients / Input Ports	5 ▼
 PulseAudio JACK Sink system 		 PulseAudio JACK Source system 	ce
✓ Connect ズ Disconnect	Disconnect <u>A</u>	ll € Expand All € Re	fresh

- Problem... Rivendell has started but its not showing up in JACK.
- If you like you can fire up RDAirplay and try and play the test sound (hint: it won't work).
- Load up RDAdmin (Applications → Sound and Video → rdadmin), login (admin with no password by default).

• Click on Manage Hosts → Edit → Audio Resources and scroll down to the Audio Adapters section:

8

▲ ▼
Close

Well that is odd, Rivendell thinks there is no sound card.

• Time for some investigation, if you go back to QJackCtl and click on Messages, you should see something like:



After a lot of Googling you might realise that JACK has one simple peculiarity. Everything that uses JACK must be ran as the same user otherwise you get errors like what you see above. But that makes no sense as we have manually started everything ourselves, we loaded QJackCtl and ran "service rivendell start", you can even check it in the terminal with our "ps -o pid, cmd, rgroup, ruser -C apache2 -C mysqld -C jackd -C caed -C ripcd -C rdcatchd -C pulseaudio" command:

```
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~$ ps -o pid,cmd,rgroup,ruser -C apache2 -C mys
qld -C jackd -C caed -C ripcd -C rdcatchd -C pulseaudio
 PID CMD
                                  RGROUP
                                           RUSER
 857 /usr/sbin/mysqld
                                  mysql
                                           mysql
 1157 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
                                  root
                                           root
 1160 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
                                  www-data www-data
 1161 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start www-data www-data
 1162 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start www-data www-data
 1528 /usr/bin/pulseaudio --start 1000
                                           rivendell2
 2586 /usr/bin/jackd -dalsa -dhw: 1000
                                           rivendell2
 2619 /usr/local/bin/caed
                                  1000
                                           rivendell2
 2625 /usr/local/bin/ripcd
                                  1000
                                           rivendell2
 2630 /usr/local/bin/rdcatchd
                                  1000
                                           rivendell2
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~$
```

• Notice how pulseaudio, jackd, caed, ripcd, rdcatchd are all run as the same group and user (1000 and rivendell2). So this makes even less sense than it did already.... which is never a good thing.

- 26. At this point I did a lot of random digging around (for much longer than I care to admit) and got lucky. Rivendell stores its executables in /usr/local/bin and while rooting around in there I noticed the following:
 - cd /usr/local/bin
 - ls -l (the letter L not the number 1)

rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~\$ cd /usr/local/bin					
rivendell2@rivendell2-	VirtualBo	<:/usr/local	l/bin\$	ls -l	
total 46560					
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root	920737	2011-07-03	01:45	caed	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	11762	2011-07-03	01:45	crc-unity4k.sh	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	240158	2011-07-03	01:45	panel_copy	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	14009923	2011-07-03	01:45	rdadmin	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	4111629	2011-07-03	01:45	rdairplay	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	454442	2011-07-03	01:45	rdalsaconfig	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	2182	2011-07-03	01:45	rd_audio_sync	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	1965	2011-07-03	01:45	rd_backup	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	1025686	2011-07-03	01:45	rdcastmanager	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	3404927	2011-07-03	01:45	rdcatch	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	264412	2011-07-03	01:45	rdcatch_copy	
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root	1241434	2011-07-03	01:45	rdcatchd	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	424631	2011-07-03	01:45	rdchunk	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	194316	2011-07-03	01:45	rdcollect	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	1918	2011-07-03	01:45	rd_config	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	52176	2011-07-03	01:45	rdgen	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	466027	2011-07-03	01:45	rdgpimon	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	555228	2011-07-03	01:45	rdimport	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	3577293	2011-07-03	01:45	rdlibrary	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	3272798	2011-07-03	01:45	rdlogedit	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	340383	2011-07-03	01:45	rdlogin	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	4558589	2011-07-03	01:45	rdlogmanager	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	191461	2011-07-03	01:45	rdmaint	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	1694	2011-07-03	01:45	rdmemcheck.sh	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	382852	2011-07-03	01:45	rdpanel	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	137000	2011-07-03	01:45	rdpopup	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	154344	2011-07-03	01:45	rdpurgecasts	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	679439	2011-07-03	01:45	rdrepld	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	360012	2011-07-03	01:45	rdsoftkeys	
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root	5339992	2011-07-03	01:45	ripcd	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	388224	2011-07-03	01:45	rivendell_filter	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	270062	2011-07-03	01:45	rmlsend	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	251479	2011-07-03	01:45	sas_filter	
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root	328930	2011-07-03	01:45	wings_filter	
rivendell2@rivendell2-	VirtualBo	<pre>k:/usr/local</pre>	l/bin\$		

• For reasons I didn't understand at the time, caed, rdcatchd and ripcd are all in red. While everything else is the normal green (executable).

As it turns out, a permission of rws means the program is executable but it will always run as the root user which is bad because to get JACK, PulseAudio and Rivendell to work they both need to run as the same currently logged in user

• Thankfully this is very easy to fix, "sudo chown root:root caed rdcatchd ripcd"

- If you "1s -1" again you will see they are now a nice green colour and also rwx instead of rws.
- 27. So lets stop the rivendell daemons and start them again to see if things are working:
 - service rivendell stop
 - service rivendell start (you can use restart instead of both of these steps but because of the odd rws thing I thought it was best to completely close the old instance and start from fresh).

28. Time to check QJackCtl \rightarrow Connect

Connections - JACK Audio Conne	ection Kit		
Audio MIDI ALSA			
Readable Clients / Output Ports 🔻		Writable Clients / Input Port	ts ▼
🕨 🔤 PulseAudio JACK Sink		PulseAudio JACK Source	гсе
rivendell_0		rivendell_0	
system		system	
Connect <u>S</u> Disconnect	Disconnect <u>A</u>	l	efresh

At last!!! 22 Pages and you've finally got something that looks like it works

NB: If rivendell_0 hasn't automatically connected to system, double check for typos in your /etc/rd.conf under the JackSession section. Its obvious if this has happened because you will have more error messages in your JACK messages window along the lines of "can't connect unknown source"

- 29. Lets fire up rdairplay to check it really does work (Applications \rightarrow Sound and Video \rightarrow rdairplay). You'll only have the test tone in place so play that and fiddle with the connect/disconnect buttons from rivendell to system and you will hear the sound cutting out.
- 30. Now that you have a working system you've probably realised that starting everything manually every time is a bad thing so lets start automating things.

First some housekeeping, we need to stop the rivendell daemons starting up as root (which they will because there is a script inside /etc/init.d/rivendell that does exactly that).

Then every time the PC starts up to make Rivendell and JACK work we have to do the following:

- Create a /var/run/rivendell directory
- Change the permissions on this directory to the current user and the group rivendell
- Load QJackCtl
- Load the Rivendell daemons

- 31. Stopping the rivendell daemons running as root:
 - sudo cp /etc/init.d/rivendell ~/scripts/rivendell-initbackup ← copy the Rivendell deamon script to our home directory as a backup
 - sudo update-rc.d -f rivendell remove ← removes the rivendell init script from the daemon startup list
 - sudo rm /etc/init.d/rivendell ← deletes the rivendell script from init.d (hence the backup from earlier)

```
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~$ sudo cp /etc/init.d/rivendell ~/scripts/rive
ndell-init-backup
[sudo] password for rivendell2:
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~$ sudo update-rc.d -f rivendell remove
Removing any system startup links for /etc/init.d/rivendell ...
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~$ sudo rm /etc/init.d/rivendell
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~$ sudo rm /etc/init.d/rivendell
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:~$ cd /etc/init.d
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:/etc/init.d$ ls r*
rc rc.local rcS rdrepld reboot rsync rsyslog
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:/etc/init.d$
```

Hopefully your terminal looks a bit like the above and as you can see there is no rivendell script left in /etc/init.d

- 32. Creating var/run/rivendell at boot:
 - We need to make our own init.d script in order to achieve this, I won't bore you with the details but if you want to learn more about init scripts check out the following web page: <u>http://www.debian-administration.org/articles/28</u>
 - Fire up "sudo gedit /etc/init.d/rivendell_run_dir" and paste in the following:

```
#! /bin/sh
# /etc/init.d/rivendell run dir
#
# Simple script to create the /var/run/rivendell directory
# and then change ownership to the rivendell user
#
# Responds to start and stop calls
case "$1" in
  start)
    echo "Creating /var/run/rivendell"
    mkdir /var/run/rivendell
    # CHANGE THE NEXT LINE to your own username
    chown rivendell2:rivendell /var/run/rivendell
    ;;
  stop)
    # There is actually nothing to do here but we'll say
  bye anyway
    echo "rivendell run dir exiting"
    ;;
  *)
    echo "Usage: /etc/init.d/rivendell_run_dir {start|
  stop}"
    exit 1
    ;;
esac
exit 0
```

- Remember to edit "chown rivendell2:rivendell /var/run/rivendell" replacing rivendell2 with your username.
- Save and exit gedit.
- sudo chmod +x /etc/init.d/rivendell_run_dir ← make the script executable
- The reason I use an init script to do this is I was unsure if a user script would let you make and chown this directory because you need sudo rights for it. You obviously don't want your script to prompt you for your sudo password every time it boots up hence using init.
- sudo update-rc.d rivendell_run_dir defaults ← makes the system run this script as a service (it will respond to system startup/shutdown events by doing this)

```
rivendell2@rivendell2-VirtualBox:/etc/init.d$ sudo update-rc.d rivendell_run_dir
defaults
update-rc.d: warning: /etc/init.d/rivendell_run_dir missing LSB information
update-rc.d: see <http://wiki.debian.org/LSBInitScripts>
Adding system startup for /etc/init.d/rivendell_run_dir ...
/etc/rc0.d/K20rivendell_run_dir -> ../init.d/rivendell_run_dir
/etc/rc1.d/K20rivendell_run_dir -> ../init.d/rivendell_run_dir
/etc/rc6.d/K20rivendell_run_dir -> ../init.d/rivendell_run_dir
/etc/rc2.d/S20rivendell_run_dir -> ../init.d/rivendell_run_dir
/etc/rc3.d/S20rivendell_run_dir -> ../init.d/rivendell_run_dir
/etc/rc4.d/S20rivendell_run_dir -> ../init.d/rivendell_run_dir
/etc/rc5.d/S20rivendell_run_dir -> ../init.d/rivendell_run_dir
```

You can ignore the warnings, it is because the script doesn't comply fully with init.d conventions. Figuring this out was more time than I had to spare but if someone wants to make a better script I'm all for it.

33. Starting QJackCtl automatically, this is really easy and no need for the terminal for once:
System → Preferences → Startup Applications

Ad	ditio	onal startup programs:	
•	8	Bluetooth Manager Bluetooth Manager applet	Add
v	90) 20)	Certificate and Key Storage GNOME Keyring: PKCS#11 Component	Remove
2		Check for new hardware drivers Notify about new hardware drivers available for the syst	Edit
v	90) 20)	Disk Notifications Provides notifications related to disks	
v	0	Evolution Alarm Notify Calendar event notifications	
v	- 	GNOME Login Sound Plays a sound whenever you log in	
v	1	GSettings Data Conversion Migrates user settings from GConf to dconf	
4	())	Network Manager Control your network connections	

• Click Add and type in the following:

Add Start	up Program 🛛 😣
Name:	QJackCtl Auto Start
Command:	gjackctl Browse
Comment:	Loads QJackCtl
	Cancel Add

• Click Add on this box and then close the startup application GUI... nice and easy.

- 34. Load the Rivendell daemons. Once again things are not always straight forward. We can't use the Startup Applications GUI directly because we need to make sure jackd is working before we start Rivendell. This means another script but using init.d introduces other complications so we'll just make a "normal" user script (I'm not a Linux expert but this is the simplest way I could think of doing it).
 - Fire up gedit (Applications → Accessories → Text Editor) and paste in the following:

```
#!/bin/bash
****
# Rivendell Startup Script
*****
# This script will start the Rivendell daemons caed, ripcd and
                                                               #
# rdcatchd as soon as jackd has started.
                                                               #
# It is designed to be used as a "startup application" in the normal
                                                               #
# Ubuntu Startup Manager app.
                                                               #
# You must make sure that /var/run/rivendell has been created before
                                                               #
# this script runs otherwise the Rivendell daemons will crash on
                                                               #
# startup.
                                                               #
                                                               #
# This is heavily based on the excellent work by Frederick
                                                               #
                                                               #
# Henderson-Meier over on
# http://frederick.henderson-meier.org/ and the default rivendell
                                                               #
# init.d script
                                                               #
# Without the shameless cannibalisation of his script for Rivendell
                                                               #
# 1.7, I wouldn't have been able to get this going.
                                                               #
******
# Global Vars
DAEMONS="caed ripcd rdcatchd"
echo "This script will start: " $DAEMONS " once jackd has started"
# Turn off exiting on non-zero values for the duration of our loop
set +e
echo "Waiting for JACK"
JACKDSTARTED=$(ps --no-headers -o comm -C jackd)
SECONDSWAITING=0
while [ -z $JACKDSTARTED ]; do
  echo "Waiting for the Jack Audio System to start before starting"
  echo "the Rivendell daemons - Now waiting $SECONDSWAITING Seconds"
  sleep 1
  let SECONDSWAITING=$SECONDSWAITING+1
  JACKDSTARTED=$(ps --no-headers -o comm -C jackd)
done
echo "JACK started"
# Give the Jack Audio System time to start.
sleep 5
# Turn back on exiting on non-zero values.
set -e
echo "Launching daemons"
for daemon in $DAEMONS; do
   if test -x /usr/local/bin/$daemon ; then
        echo "Starting: " $daemon
        /usr/local/bin/$daemon
```

```
else
echo $daemon " not installed"
exit 5
fi
done
echo "Successfully launched, exiting..."
exit 0
```

- Save this file in your scripts directory, I called it "rivendell-startdaemons-after-jack.sh" but it doesn't really matter what you call it.
- Make the script executable by "chmod +x ~/scripts/rivendell-startdaemons-after-jack.sh" or right click the file → properties → permissions → tick "Allow executing file as program"
- Now you can add this file to the Startup Applications GUI in the same way you added QJackCtl:

Add Start	up Program	8
Name:	Start Rivendell Daemons	;
Command:	-daemons-after-jack.sh	Browse
Comment:	Starts Rivendell Daemon	s after jack
	Cancel	Add

• At this point reboot your PC and if you haven't made any mistakes everything will work!

35. What you should see after doing the above and rebooting:

		<u>ð</u> 1	••)) 🖂	23:49 🕿 ri	vendell2 (
	JACK Audio (Connection Kit	[(default)] S	started.	
	▶ <u>S</u> tart	Stop St	arted RT0.89	96 %48000 Hz	X Quit
	🕼 <u>M</u> essages 🕻	Session St	(0) oppec –	:	🕑 Set <u>u</u> p
	€ Connect	N Patchbay			() About
Connections -	JACK Audio Co	nnection Kit			
Audio MIDI	ALSA				
Readable Client	ts / Output Ports	▼	Writable C	lients / Input	Ports 🔻
 PulseAud rivendell 	io JACK Sink		► ► Pulse	eAudio JACK	Source
▶ ■ system	_0		 system 	em	
			Ξ		
Connect	X Disconnect	✤ Disconnect A		and All	5 Refresh

36. A quick look at the same setup in patchage (remember that):



Room for Improvement:

OK I'm sorry, I know I've waffled on for 28 pages but there are a couple of things I think need improving that are important to mention.

- 1. /etc/init.d/rivendell_run_dir script Probably should get this fully compliant with init conventions but that is beyond my knowledge for the moment.
- 2. Find a better way to start the Rivendell daemons after jack. At the moment the daemons won't respond to service requests like they would in the original init.d script. As far as I can tell this doesn't make any real difference as the default script just kills the daemons anyway but it would be nice to respond properly.

I don't actually think its possible to do this as a user script but I'm probably wrong.

- 3. You might want to untick "Confirm application close" under QJackCtl → Setup → Misc as the confirm box seems to make me have to press shutdown twice before Ubuntu will go away.
- 4. Also if you want a slightly prettier QJackCtl, remember to tick "Draw connection and patchbay lines as Bezier curves" under Setup → Display.